





© COLUMBIA | MAILMAN SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SCIENCES

# ASSOCIATIONS BETWEEN AIR POLLUTION AND HOSPITAL ADMISSIONS IN NEW YORK STATE

#### MIKE HE (COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY)

MARIANTHI-ANNA KIOUMOURTZOGLOU (COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY)

PATRICK KINNEY (BOSTON UNIVERSITY)

ARLENE FIORE (COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY)

XIAOMENG JIN (COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY)

TABASSUM INSAF (NYS DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH)

**ADRIAN MICHALSKI** (NYS DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH)

HAQAST3 NOVEMBER 28, 2017

#### Introduction

- Models + satellite products + ground-based measurements + health data = opportunity!
  - Effects of policy on air pollution
- Multi-pollutant air pollutant health analysis (O<sub>3</sub>, PM<sub>2.5</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>) over New York State over the past decade
- Today: association between daily exposure to PM<sub>2.5</sub> and inpatient cardiovascular/respiratory hospital admissions in NYS from 2002-2012
  - No satellite products for now stay tuned!

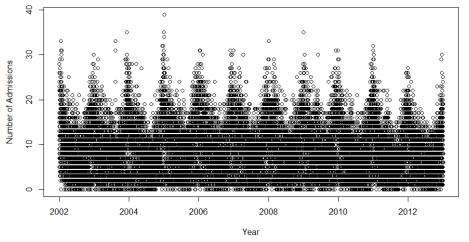
#### **Methods**

- Exposure assessment
  - Daily county-average PM<sub>2.5</sub> data from EPA
  - Meteorological data from the NASA
- Outcome assessment: daily inpatient cardiovascular/respiratory admissions from NYS DOH
- Statistical analysis: overdispersed Poisson regression models
  - Indicator variables for counties
  - Temperature (3 df), relative humidity (3 df), and long-term and seasonal trends (5 df per year)

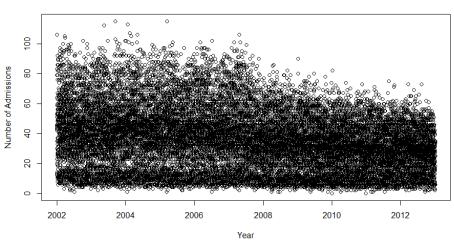
## Results

Variable	N	Mean	Min	25%	50%	75%	Max
$PM_{2.5} (\mu g/m^3)$	246,428	9.77	0.25	5.57	8.24	12.27	99.74
Temperature (°C)	246,428	9.05	-25.29	0.80	9.48	18.09	31.54
RH (%)	246,428	79.32	26.16	73.75	80.45	86.44	100.86
RESP Admissions	246,428	1.62	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	39.00
CVD Admissions	246,428	6.83	0.00	1.00	2.00	5.00	115.00

#### Inpatient Respiratory Admissions (New York City), 2002-2012



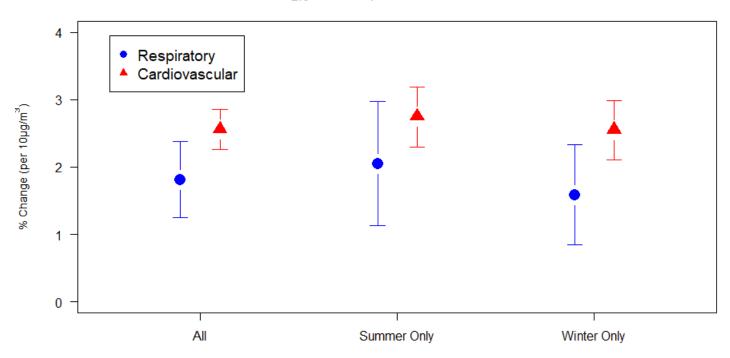
Inpatient Cardiovascular Admissions (New York City), 2002-2012



### Results

#### Per $10 \mu g/m^3$ increase in $PM_{2.5}$ :

PM<sub>2.5</sub> and Inpatient Admissions



### Conclusions

- PM<sub>2.5</sub> may increase both cardiovascular and respiratory admissions in NYS
- Effect estimates are larger during the summer: potential role of secondary  $PM_{2.5}$  species
- Next steps:
  - Other pollutants (ozone, NO<sub>2</sub>), nonlinear effects
  - Additional exposure models, identify source-specific exposure patterns
  - Effects from implementing emission reductions

# Acknowledgements

Nicholas DeFelice (Columbia University)

NIH Institutional Research T32 Training Grant (ES023770)

NASA HAQAST Grant (#NNX16AQ20G)

NYSERDA Grant (#91268)

# **Thank You!**