

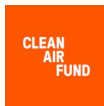


# Bridging the Gap: Complementing Satellite-Derived Air Quality Data with Open-Source Ground Data

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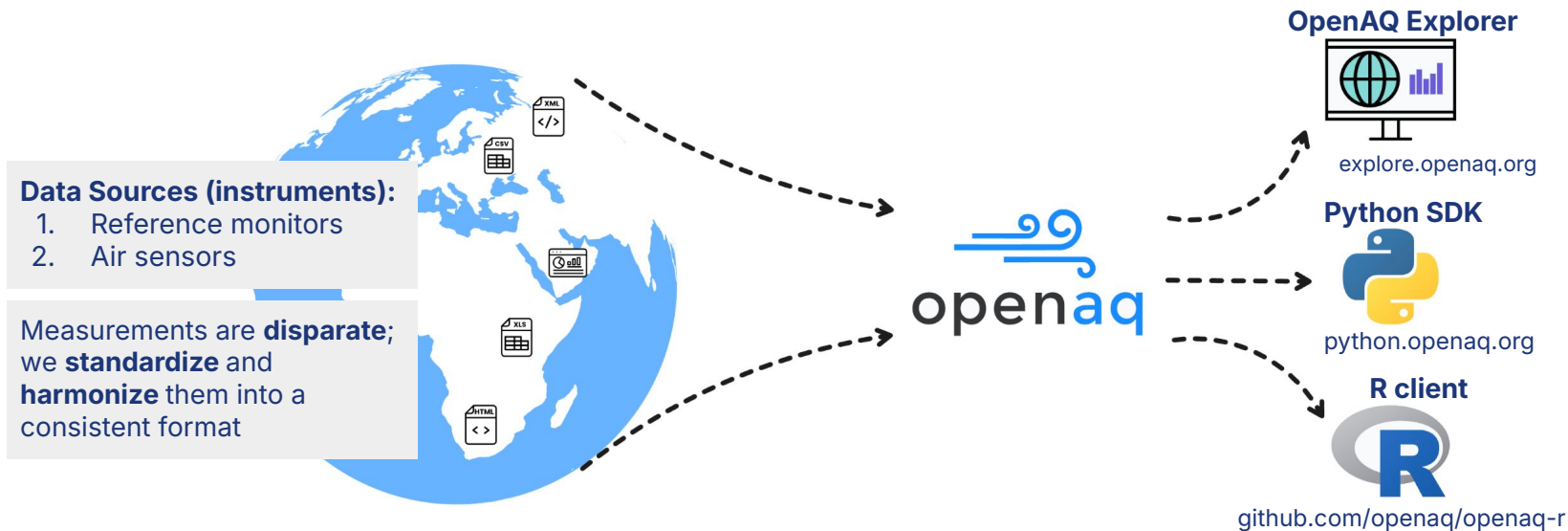


# About OpenAQ

We are the world's largest open-source air quality data aggregator and harmonizer



*"By providing universal access to air quality data, OpenAQ empowers a global community of changemakers to solve air inequality."*

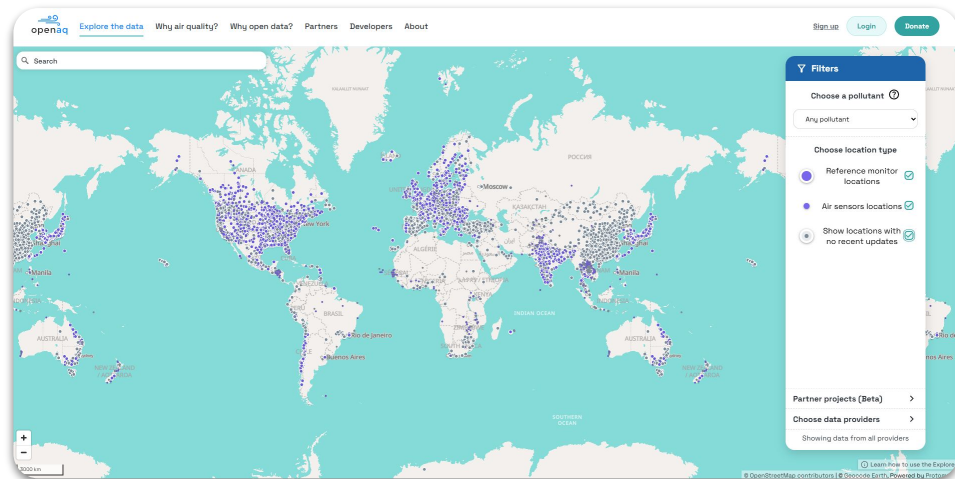


- Founded in 2015: see origin story at [link.openaq.org/origin](https://link.openaq.org/origin) and [openaq.org/ten-years](https://openaq.org/ten-years)
- U.S. 501(c)(3) non-profit organization as of 2018

# OpenAQ Explorer

 [explore.openaq.org](https://explore.openaq.org)

- An interactive, open-source, user-friendly web application that allows users to visualize global air quality data, including real-time and historical measurements of pollutants
- Browse, filter by location or sensor type, and download data from government and low-cost sensors



 [explore.openaq.org/getting-started](https://explore.openaq.org/getting-started)

## Accessing air quality data in

- 1 Go to <https://explore.openaq.org>
  - 2 On the Search panel on the upper left side, type **[location name]** and choose the location from the dropdown menu.
  - 3 If there is open air quality data at that location, you will see one or more purple dots. Click on a dot to see basic information about the air monitor or sensor on the right-hand sidebar.
  - 4 Within the sidebar, click on "Show Details," which will bring you to a page that includes **Latest Readings** and **Patterns** graphs.
  - 5 If you want to explore other monitoring locations elsewhere, go back to the map and pan out. Or start over (see #2), typing in a new location name.
- ⚠️ If you start over, make sure to click both "Reference monitor locations" and "Air sensor locations" in the sidebar.
  - ⚠️ You can also choose "Show locations with no recent updates."

## Download Data CSV

Data downloads on OpenAQ Explorer are limited to 1000 records per parameter or 30 days, whichever is less.

Start date  End date

- Temperature (F) f
- NO<sub>2</sub> ppb
- PM10 µg/m<sup>3</sup>
- PM2.5 µg/m<sup>3</sup>
- T c



 [explore.openaq.org/register](https://explore.openaq.org/register)

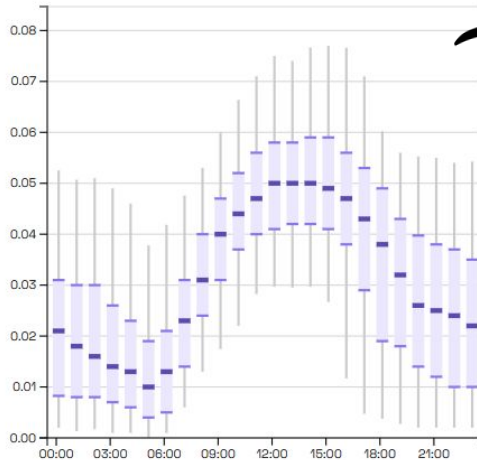
# Diurnal plots

Q: Which air pollutants have a dependence on time, day, and season, and why?

## Patterns

O<sub>3</sub> ppm 2023

### Hour of day



Can also be viewed as a table

Time	2 <sup>nd</sup> percentile	25 <sup>th</sup> percentile	Median	75 <sup>th</sup> percentile	98 <sup>th</sup> percentile
00:00	0.001 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.01 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.023 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.034 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.05 µg/m <sup>3</sup>
01:00	0.001 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.009 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.021 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.033 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.05 µg/m <sup>3</sup>
02:00	0 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.009 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.018 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.031 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.048 µg/m <sup>3</sup>
03:00	0 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.008 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.017 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.029 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.047 µg/m <sup>3</sup>
04:00	0 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.007 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.016 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.027 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.045 µg/m <sup>3</sup>
05:00	0 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.006 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.013 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.025 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.043 µg/m <sup>3</sup>
06:00	0 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.005 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.011 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.023 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.042 µg/m <sup>3</sup>

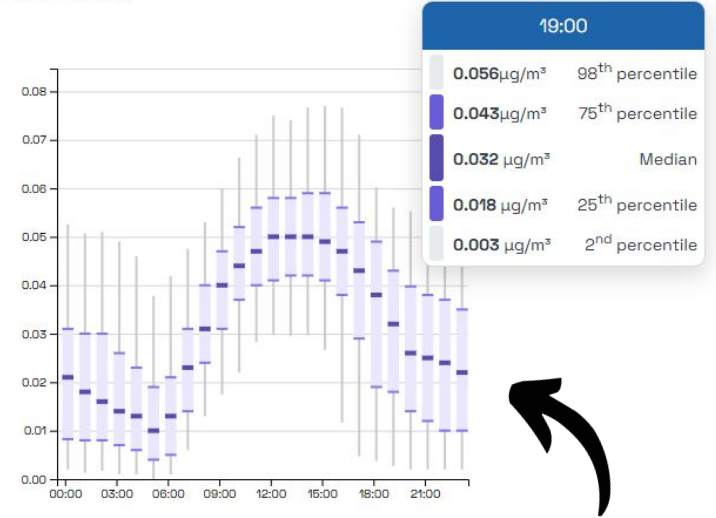
Chart shows local times (America/Denver UTC-06:00)

# Five-number summary

## Patterns

O<sub>3</sub> ppm 2022 Update

### Hour of day



Q: What is the median O<sub>3</sub> concentration during a certain day/time in my location?

# OpenAQ R package

[openaq.github.io/openaq-r](https://openaq.github.io/openaq-r)

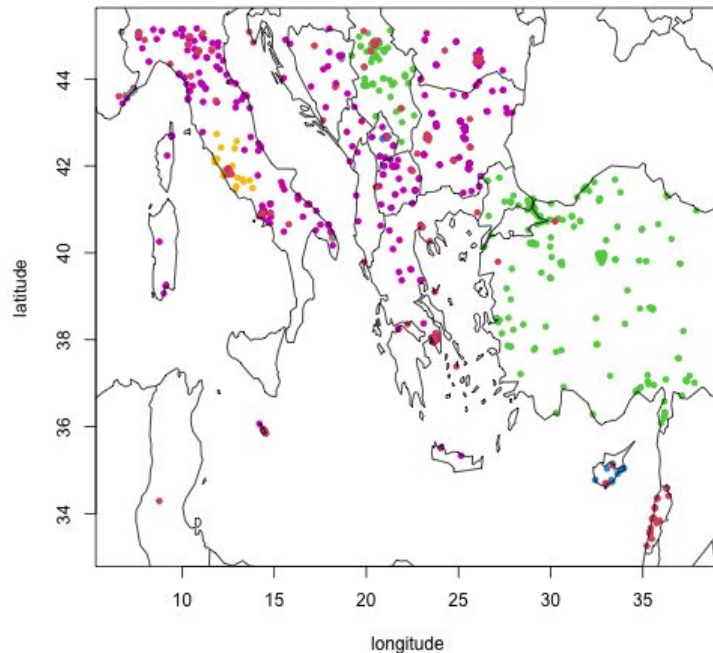
```
library(openaq)

locations <- list_locations(
  bbox = c(xmin = 6.291990, ymin = 32.823129,
           xmax = 37.932615, ymax = 45.181129),
  parameters_id = 2,
  limit = 1000
)

plot(locations, col = locations$providers_id, pch = 20)
```

Code excerpt from OpenAQ R package documentation:

<https://openaq.github.io/openaq-r/articles/plotting.html>



# OpenAQ Python SDK

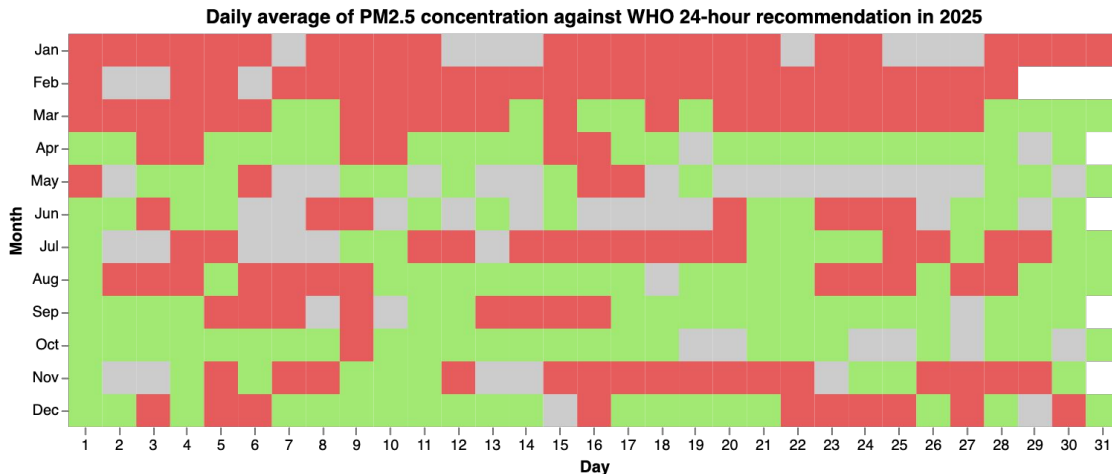
 [python.openaq.org](https://python.openaq.org)

**Latest version:** v1.0.0rc2

## Features:

- **User-friendly helpers:** expressive error handling, preemptive error catching, automatic rate limiting
- **More intuitive data access:** Python objects-oriented instead of API json responses
- **Fully typed:** autocomplete, inline documentation

*Python tutorials coming soon!*



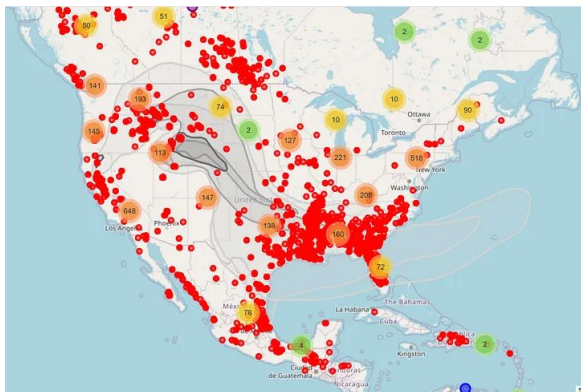
Visualization from OpenAQ Python SDK tutorials

[Link to visualization](#)

# Use Cases: Ground Data from OpenAQ + Satellite Data

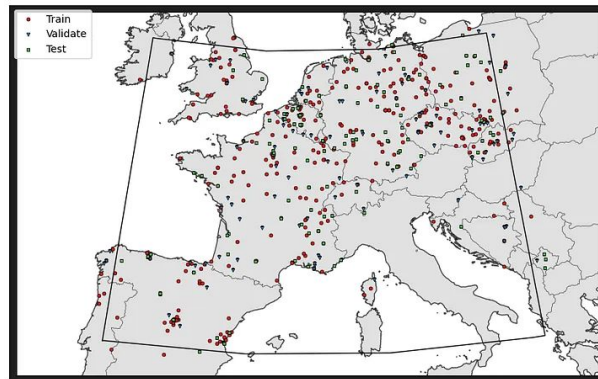
## Feature Article: Using Satellites Plus Ground Sensing To Tackle Air Pollution

Read more: [openaq.org/about/use-cases/validating-satellite-data](https://openaq.org/about/use-cases/validating-satellite-data)



### MELODIES MONET (NSF, NCAR and NOAA)

A toolkit that helps scientists more easily and efficiently conduct air quality research while also integrating remotely-sensed atmospheric plus ground data.



### University of Eastern Finland

Researchers used OpenAQ to improve the conversion accuracy of satellite atmospheric aerosol optical depth (AOD) data

# Use Cases: Ground Data from OpenAQ + Satellite Data

## Global validation and hybrid calibration of CAMS and MERRA-2 PM<sub>2.5</sub> reanalysis products based on OpenAQ platform

C Jin, Y Wang, T Li, Q Yuan. *Atmos Environ*, 2022. 118972. [doi.org/10.1016/j.atmosenv.2022.118972](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.atmosenv.2022.118972)

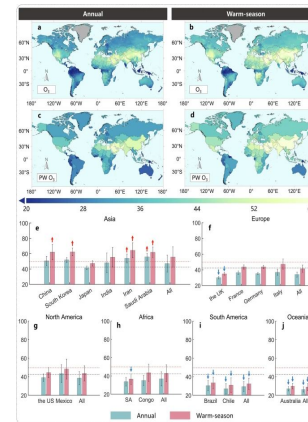
CAMS and MERRA-2 PM<sub>2.5</sub> reanalysis products were validated on both the regional and global scale using global in-situ PM<sub>2.5</sub> observations from 2017-2019 obtained from OpenAQ.

- Researchers applied machine learning models (specifically, Extremely Randomized Trees or ERT) to correct biases in CAMS and MERRA-2 using data in OpenAQ as the reference.
- Gap-free global daily PM<sub>2.5</sub> concentration maps were created for spatiotemporal analysis.

## Substantially underestimated global health risks of current ozone pollution

Y Wang, et al. *Nature Communications*, 2025. 16, Article number: 102. [doi.org/10.1038/s41467-024-55450-0](https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-024-55450-0)

- OpenAQ as the primary source of in-situ MDA8 ozone measurements (2019-2021) to train and validate its global modelling framework.
- Estimated that 66.2% of the global population is exposed to excess ozone for short term (> 30 days per year), and 94.2% suffers from long-term exposure.



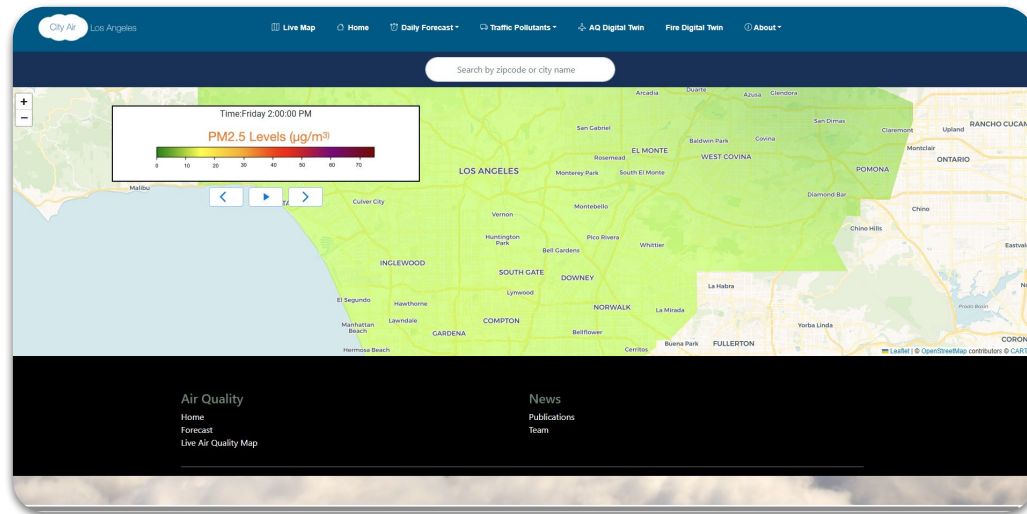
# Use Cases: Ground Data from OpenAQ + Satellite Data

## City of Los Angeles and Cal. State LA's *Predicting What We Breathe* Forecasting System

[airquality.lacity.gov](https://airquality.lacity.gov)

[ai-aq.com/MapForecastCA](https://ai-aq.com/MapForecastCA)

- NASA-funded
- Forecasting algorithm for air pollution events developed based on time-series measurements of satellite & ground data + machine learning (accuracy = 80-93%, compared to ground data alone)



# OpenAQ as Project Partner:

## Scaling Data Fusion Tools to Support Local Air Quality Managers in Latin America

### NASA HAQAST Project PI: Carl Malings

*Project description from the NASA HAQAST website: [haqast.org/staff/malings-dr-carl](https://haqast.org/staff/malings-dr-carl)*

- Use of NASA satellite data and tools towards stakeholder needs such as optimizing air monitor placement, air quality forecasting, and developing datasets compatible with epidemiological studies.
- The team will leverage current and future NASA instruments, models and data products including Goddard Earth Observing System Composition Forecast (GEOS-CF), VIIRS, MAIA, AERONET, Pandora ground-based spectrometers, as well as non-NASA data from TROPOMI and local air quality monitoring systems.

#### Project goals / deliverables:

- Optimize air quality monitoring network expansion in Rio, Brazil
- Prepare for and supplement the NASA MAIA mission in Maule, Chile
- Enable a new air quality forecasting capability in Bolivia



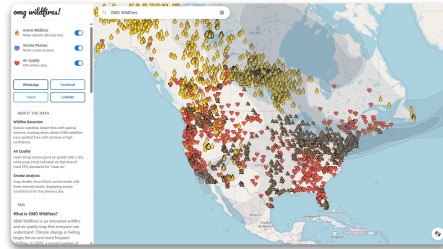
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Read more use-case examples:  
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OMG Wildfires  
[omgwildfires.com](https://omgwildfires.com)

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platform